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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/964,494	09/28/2001	Hong Xie	219.40430X00	2764
7	590 03/22/2004	EXAMINER		
SCHWEGMAN, LUNDBERG, WOESSNER &			WILLIAMS, ALEXANDER O	
KLUTH, P.A. P.O. BOX 293	8		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402			2826	

DATE MAILED: 03/22/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			7
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
_	09/964,494	XIE ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Alexander O Williams	2826	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address	· ••
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 Cl after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days,  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re on. a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT statute, cause the application to become ABA	ply be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  THS from the mailing date of this communi  NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	cation.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) Since this application is in condition for all closed in accordance with the practice uncompared to the condition of the closed in accordance with the practice.	This action is non-final.	· · ·	its is
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 2-16,19-32,35-48,51-54, 56-60 a 4a) Of the above claim(s) 15,16,31 and 32 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 2-14,19-30,35-46,51-53, 56-59 a 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	is/are withdrawn from consider and 62-76 is/are rejected.	• •	
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)  Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	accepted or b) objected to be the drawing(s) be held in abeyand prrection is required if the drawing(s	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.1	, ,
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docur 2. Certified copies of the priority docur 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ments have been received. ments have been received in Ap priority documents have been r ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage	<b>Э</b>
Attachment(s)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9483)  Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>18</u> .		/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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Serial Number: 09/96494 Attorney's Docket #: 219.4043X00

Filing Date: 9/28/01;

Applicant: Xie et al.

**Examiner: Alexander Williams** 

Applicant's RCE in Paper # 15, filed 12/10/03 has been acknowledged.

Applicant's Amendment, filed 12/10/03, in Paper No. 16 is acknowledged.

Applicant's election of species of Figure 9 with traverse (claims 1 to 14, 18 to 30, 34 to 46, 50 to 53, 55 to 59, 61 and 62) in Paper # 9, filed 3/20/03, has been acknowledged.

This application contains claims 15-17, 31-33, 47-49, 54 and 60 drawn to an invention non-elected with traverse in Paper No. 9. A complete response to the final rejection must include cancellation of non-elected claims or other appropriate action (see 37 CFR § 1.144 & MPEP § 821.01).

Claims 1, 17, 18, 33, 34, 49, 50, 55 and 61 have been canceled.

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: This application should update any related application information.

Appropriate correction is required.

The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the claim language in

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claims 72-76 as it relates to claim 70 and 70 and elected species figure 9 must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claims 13, 29,45 and 72-76 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claims 13, 29 and 45, it is unclear and confusing to how "the IHS/IS is being electrically connected to the substrate.

In claims 72 to 76, it is unclear and confusing to what shows in elected species figure 9: "the third and forth stiffener portions"; "the first, second, third, and forth stiffener portions form a substantially rectangular window footprint"; "the first, second, third, and forth stiffener portions form a substantially rectangular window footprint with curved edges"; and "the first, second, third, and forth stiffener portions form four corner stiffening portions, each having a triangular footprint."

Any of claims 13, 29, 45 and 72-76 not specifically addressed above are rejected as being dependent on one or more of the claims which have been specifically objected to above.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

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(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 6 to 14 and 63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being anticipated by Chen (U.S. Patent # 6,191,478 B1).

For example, in claim 1, Chen (figures 1 to 8) specifically **figure 4a** show an integrated heat spreader/integrated stiffener (HIS/IS) **2** mountable to provide stiffening support to a substrate **37**, the heat spreader/integrated stiffener including a side wall portion (**side portion of 2**) to mount transverse to the substrate and a stiffener

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extension (portion of 2 on top of 37) to extend from the side wall portion toward a center of the heat spreader/integrated stiffener, the stiffener extension comprising an integrated stiffener extension which is substantially planar and mounted to a substantially planar die-side surface of the substrate.

Claims 2 to 5, 6 to 14 and 63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by Dudderar et al. (U.S. Patent # 5,767,447).

For example, in claim 1, Dudderar et al. (figures 1 to 3) specifically **figure 1** show an integrated heat spreader/integrated stiffener (HIS/IS) **600/504** mountable to provide stiffening support to a substrate **200**, the heat spreader/integrated stiffener including a side wall portion (**side portion of 504**) to mount transverse to the substrate and a stiffener extension to extend from the side wall portion toward a center of the heat spreader/integrated stiffener (**see column 3, line 32 to column 4, line 25**).

Initially, and with respect to claims 5, 21 and 37, note that a "product by process" claim is directed to the product per se, no matter how actually made, In re Hirao, 190 USPQ 15 at 17 (footnote 3). See also In re Brown, 173 USPQ 685; In re Luck, 177 USPQ 523; In re Wertheim, 191 USPQ 90 (209 USPQ 554 does not deal with this issue); In re Fitzgerald, 205 USPQ 594, 596 (CCPA); In re Marosi et al., 218 USPQ 289 (CAFC); and most recently, In re Thorpe et al., 227 USPQ 964 (CAFC, 1985) all of which make it clear that it is the final product per se which must be determined in a "product by process" claim, and not the patentability of the process, and that, as here, an old or obvious product produced by a new method is not patentable as a product, whether claimed in "product by process" claims or not. Note that Applicant has burden of proof in such cases as the above case law makes clear.

Claims 2 to 5, 19 to 30, 35 to 46, 51-53, 56-59, 62 and 64-76, **insofar as some of them can be understood,** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over in Chen (U.S. Patent # 6,191,478 B1) view of Greenwood (U.S. Patent # 6,338,985 B1).

Chen show the features of the claimed invention as detailed above, but fail to explicitly show one of a thin-core and coreless substrate of an integrated circuit printed circuit board carrier package.

Greenwood is cited for showing chip size semiconductor packages. Specifically, Greenwood (figures 1 to 10) specifically figures 1 and 3) discloses a thin-core substrate 12 of an integrated circuit printed circuit board carrier package (see column 4, lines 5-14) for the purpose of providing a package where reliability can be determined.

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For example, in claim 18, the combination of Chen and Greenwood show a carrier package comprising: one of a thin-core and coreless substrate (12 in Greenwood) of an IC-PCB; and an (HIS/IS) (2 in Chen) mountable to provide stiffening support to a substrate.

Claims 5,21 and 37, as to the grounds of rejection under section 103, see MPEP § 2113.

For example, in claim 34, the combination of Chen and Greenwood show a packaged integrated circuit (IC) comprising: an IC-PCB carrier package including one of a thin-core and coreless substrate (12 in Greenwood) of an IC-PCB; and an (HIS/IS) (2 in Chen) mountable to provide stiffening support to a substrate.

For example, in claim 50, the combination of Chen and Greenwood show a heat spreader/stiffener device comprising a thermally conductive member (2 in Chen) having a stiffener portion mountable to one of thin-core and coreless substrate (12 in Greenwood) so as to increase a stiffness thereof, the heat spreader/stiffener device having a thermal path thermally connectable to the substrate.

For example, in claim 55, the combination of Chen and Greenwood show an integrated circuit (IC) carrier package comprising: an IC; at least one of a thin-core and coreless substrate (12 in Greenwood); and heat spreader/stiffener device comprising a thermally conductive member (2 in Chen) having a stiffener portion mountable to one of thin-core and coreless substrate so as to increase a stiffness thereof, the heat spreader/stiffener device having a thermal path thermally connectable to the substrate.

For example, in claim 61, the combination of Chen and Greenwood show an electronic system comprising: an integrated circuit (IC) carrier package comprising: an IC; at least one of a thin-core and coreless substrate (12 in Greenwood); and heat spreader/stiffener device comprising a thermally conductive member (2 in Chen) having a stiffener portion mountable to one of thin-core and coreless substrate so as to increase a stiffness thereof, the heat spreader/stiffener device having a thermal path thermally connectable to the substrate.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use Greenwood's thin-core substrate to modify Chen's substrate for the purpose of providing a package where reliability can be determined.

Claims 2 to 5, 19 to 30, 35 to 46, 51-53, 56-59, 62 and 64-76, **insofar as some of them can be understood,** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being

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unpatentable over in Dudderar et al. (U.S. Patent # 5,767,447) view of Greenwood (U.S. Patent # 6,338,985 B1).

Dudderar et al. show the features of the claimed invention as detailed above, but fail to explicitly show one of a thin-core and coreless substrate of an integrated circuit printed circuit board carrier package.

Greenwood is cited for showing chip size semiconductor packages. Specifically, Greenwood (figures 1 to 10) specifically figures 1 and 3) discloses a thin-core substrate 12 of an integrated circuit printed circuit board carrier package (see column 4, lines 5-14) for the purpose of providing a package where reliability can be determined.

For example, in claim 18, the combination of Dudderar et al. and Greenwood show a carrier package comprising: one of a thin-core and coreless substrate (12 in Greenwood) of an IC-PCB; and an (HIS/IS) (600/504 in Dudderar et al.) mountable to provide stiffening support to a substrate.

Claims 5,21 and 37, as to the grounds of rejection under section 103, see MPEP § 2113.

For example, in claim 34, the combination of Dudderar et al. and Greenwood show a packaged integrated circuit (IC) comprising: an IC-PCB carrier package including one of a thin-core and coreless substrate (12 in Greenwood) of an IC-PCB; and an (HIS/IS) (600/504 in Dudderar et al.) mountable to provide stiffening support to a substrate.

For example, in claim 50, the combination of Dudderar et al. and Greenwood show a heat spreader/stiffener device comprising a thermally conductive member (600/504 in Dudderar et al.) having a stiffener portion mountable to one of thin-core and coreless substrate (12 in Greenwood) so as to increase a stiffness thereof, the heat spreader/stiffener device having a thermal path thermally connectable to the substrate.

For example, in claim 55, the combination of Dudderar et al. and Greenwood show an integrated circuit (IC) carrier package comprising: an IC; at least one of a thin-core and coreless substrate (12 in Greenwood); and heat spreader/stiffener device comprising a thermally conductive member (600/504 in Dudderar et al.) having a stiffener portion mountable to one of thin-core and coreless substrate so as to increase a stiffness thereof, the heat spreader/stiffener device having a thermal path thermally connectable to the substrate.

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For example, in claim 61, the combination of Dudderar et al. and Greenwood show an electronic system comprising: an integrated circuit (IC) carrier package comprising: an IC; at least one of a thin-core and coreless substrate (12 in Greenwood); and heat spreader/stiffener device comprising a thermally conductive member (600/504 in Dudderar et al.) having a stiffener portion mountable to one of thin-core and coreless substrate so as to increase a stiffness thereof, the heat spreader/stiffener device having a thermal path thermally connectable to the substrate.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use Greenwood's thin-core substrate to modify Dudderar et al.'s substrate for the purpose of providing a package where reliability can be determined.

## Response

Applicant's arguments filed 12/10/03 have been fully considered, but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejections detailed above.

The listed references are cited as of interest to this application, but not applied at this time.

Field of Search	Date
U.S. Class and subclass:	5/30/03
257/712,713,717,720,700,701,738,704,706,710,696-	9/18/03
698,738,737,734,778,734	3/16/04
Other Documentation:	5/30/03
foreign patents and literature in	9/18/03
257/712,713,717,720,700,701,738,704,706,710,696-	3/16/04
698,738,737,734,778,734	
Electronic data base(s):	5/30/03
U.S. Patents EAST	9/18/03
	3/16/04

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alexander O Williams whose telephone number is (571) 272 1924. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 6:30-7:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nathan Flynn can be reached on (571) 272 1915. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

AOW 3/17/04

Alexander Williams
Primary Examiner